# THE FISK RADIOLA

## Models 65, 65-Z, 66 and 66-Z

FOUR VALVE, ONE BAND, BATTERY-A.C. OPERATED (65, 65-Z), AND FIVE VALVE, TWO BAND, BATTERY-VIBRATOR-A.C. OPERATED (66, 66-Z), PORTABLE SUPERHETERODYNES

## Technical Information & Service Data

NOTE: The data given in this booklet mainly concerns the Models 66 and 66-Z. For data on the Model 65 refer to the Technical Information and Service Data booklet for the Model 63, which used the same chassis and equipment.

The Model 65-Z is a modification of the Model 65, and differs from that model only as detailed in this booklet under the heading "Modification Details 65—65-Z."

The models 66 and 66-Z are electrically identical, the only difference being in cabinet design.

## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TUNING RANGES.

'Standard Medium Wave'' "Short Wave"

1600-550 Kc. 13.6—43 M.

R.F. ALIGNMENT SETTINGS.

'Standard Medium Wave'' 600 Kc. (Osc.) 1500 Kc. (Osc. and Aer.)

"Short Wave" 15 M. (Osc. and Aer.).

INTERMEDIATE FREQUENCY .....

Battery Operation:

Vibrator Operation:

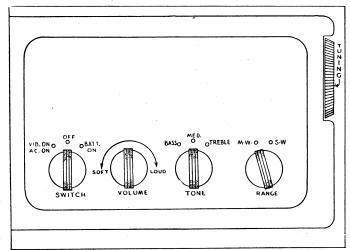
BATTERY COMPLEMENT:

"A" Battery—One 1.5V. Portable Type Dry Cell. "B" Battery—Two 45 volt Portable Type "B" Batteries.

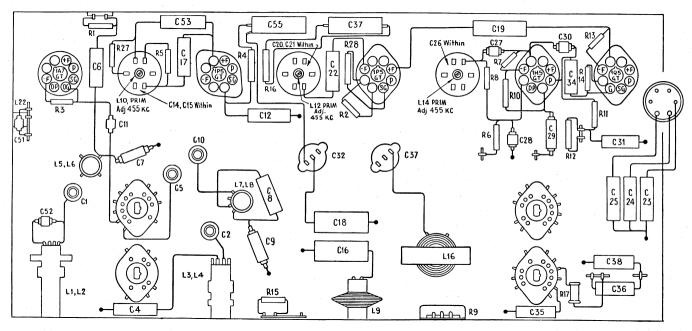
6 volt Accumulator.

CURRENT CONSUMPTION:

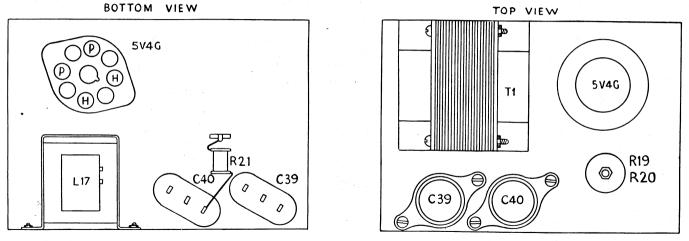
CONTROLS.



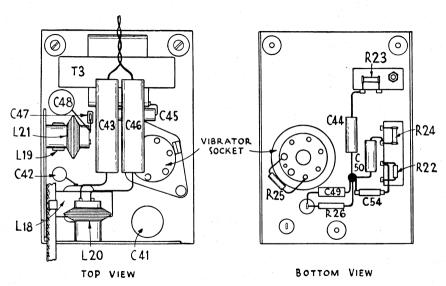
A.C. POWER UNIT:	
Model 65	Type 8491
Model 65-Z	Type 8491-Z.
Model 66	Type 9904
Voltage and Frequency Rating	200-260 volts, 40-60 C.
Power Consumption	30 watts.
VIBRATOR POWER UNIT	Type 9902
VALVE COMPLEMENT:       (1) IA7GT Converter       (4) IH5GT         (2) IP5GT I.F. Amplifier.       (5) IQ5GT         (3) IP5GT I.F. Amplifier.       A.C. Power L	
(3) IP5GT I.F. Amplifier. A.C. Power U	Init Rectifier — 5V4G.
REPLACEMENT VIBRATOR	Oak, Type V5211.
REPLACEMENT FUSE (VIBRATOR UNIT)	5 amp.
LOUDSPEAKER: Type—AY9. Transformer—XA7/I. Voice	Coil Impedance—3 ohms at 400 C.
UNDISTORTED POWER OUTPUT	200 Milliwatts.



Layout Diagram (Underneath View)



A.C. Power Unit Layout Diagram.



Vibrator Power Unit Layout Diagram.

### ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE.

Alignment should be necessary only when adjustments have been altered from the factory setting or when repairs have been made in the tuned circuits. Climatic conditions should not seriously affect the Receiver.

It is important to apply a definite procedure, as given in this booklet, and to use adequate and reliable test equipment. Instruments ideally suited to the requirements are either the A.W.A. Junior Signal Generator, Type 2R3911, or the A.W.A. Modulated Oscillators, Types J6726 and C1070. If either of the latter instruments is used, see that a 250,000 ohms resistor is connected between the output terminals of the instrument, and for Short Wave

alignment a 400 ohms non-inductive resistor in series with the "hot" output lead of the instrument.

Perform alignment in the proper order as shown in the chart starting from No. 1, and following all operations across, then No. 2, etc. Adjustment locations are shown in the layout diagrams.

Keep the Volume Control set in the maximum clockwise position, and regulate the output of the test instrument so that a minimum signal is introduced to the Receiver to give a standard indication on the output meter. This will avoid A.V.C. action and overloading.

When the Receiver has been satisfactorily aligned, seal the adjusting screws with a small quantity of celluloid cement to eliminate the possibility of their shifting.

### ALIGNMENT TABLE

Alignment Order	Test Inst. Connection to Receiver	Test Inst. Setting	Receiver Calibration Scale Setting	Circuit to adjust	Adjust for max. peak output
1 2 4 3 5	*IA7GT Grid Cap *IA7GT Grid Cap *IA7GT Grid Cap *IA7GT Grid Cap *IA7GT Grid Cap	455 Kc. 455 Kc. 455 Kc. 455 Kc. 455 Kc.	0° 0° 0° 0°	3rd. I.F. Trans. 2nd. I.F. Trans. 2nd. I.F. Trans. 1st. I.F. Trans. 1st. I.F. Trans.	L14 L13 L12 L11 L10
•	i, i, o i o ila cap	Repeat the above ac	liustments.	131. 1.1. 114113.	210
6 7 8	Aerial Aerial Aerial	600 Kc. 1,500 Kc. 1,500 Kc.	† 155.2° 155.2°	Oscillator Oscillator Aerial	Core L6 C5 C1
9 10	Aerial Aerial	Repeat adjustments & I5 M. 15 M.	o, 7 and 8. 156° 156°	Oscillator Aerial	C10** C2***‡

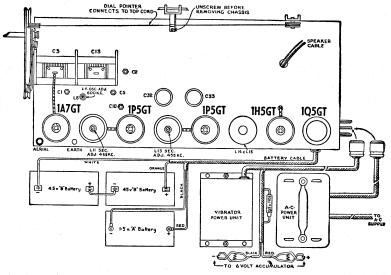
- \* With grid clip connected. .001 mfd. condenser. Should be connected in series with the active output lead of the test instrument.
- † Rock the Tuning Control back and forth through the signal. \*\* Use Minimum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained. \*\*\* Use Maximum capacity peak if two peaks can be obtained.
  - ‡ Tune for image signal by tuning the Receiver to approximately 144° on the calibration scale. It should be necessary to increase the output of the Test Instrument to receive the signal.

#### SOCKET VOLTAGES.

VALVE		Bias Volts		creen Grid o Chassis Volts		Plate Current M.A.	Filament Volts
IA7GT Converter		0		40	84* 90‡	.2	1.4* — 1.4‡
Oscillator	M.W.				50	.8	
	S.W.				75	1.1	_
IP5GT I.F. Amp.		0		84* 90‡	84* 90 <b>±</b>	1.5	1.4* + 1.4‡
IP5GT I.F. Amp.		0		84* 90‡	84* 90‡	1.5	1.4* + 1.4‡
IH5GT Detector		0			50	.03	1.4* - 1.4‡
IQ5GT Output	-	-6* -4.5 <sup>.</sup>	†‡	84* 90‡	80* 85±	6* 9‡	1.4* + 2.8‡
5V4G Rectifier	2	00/100 V	<i>i</i>	110 M.A.	D.C.		

Measured with Volume Control maximum clockwise. No signal input.

- † Cannot be measured accurately with ordinary voltmeter.
- Battery Operation.
- ‡ A.C. or Vibrator power operation.



Layout Diagram (Top View).

#### MODIFICATION DETAILS RADIOLA 65-65-Z.

The A.C. Power Unit is rated to operate on supply voltages of 200-230 and 230-260 volts A.C.

When the Model 65 was operated from the Mains in circumstances where the supply voltage approached the minimum of each voltage range, low filament voltages resulted. It was found that the IQ5GT valve did not operate satisfactorily at this reduced voltage and a modification was made to the circuit arrangement of both the Receiver chassis and the A.C. Power Unit to ensure correct filament voltages over the entire input voltage range of the transformer.

The modification which resulted in Receivers embodying it being titled Model 65-Z is as follows:—

#### RECEIVER CHASSIS.

(1) RII in the circuit code was changed from a 26 ohms to a 20 ohms, 3 watt resistor.

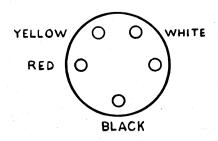
(2) A 200 ohms 1/3 wath resistor was connected from the negative filament tag of the IQ5GT valve socket to chassis.

#### A.C. Power Unit.

The filament dropping resistor RI5 was changed from a 1,040 ohms to a 940 ohms wire wound.

In order to prevent a Model 65-Z A.C. Power Unit being fitted to a Model 65, Receiver chassis, which may damage the valves, the Model 65-Z is fitted with a five prong connecting plug for A.C. Power Unit operation, and by this it may be identified. The connections of the five pin plug (viewed from within the Receiver) are shown in the accompanying diagram.

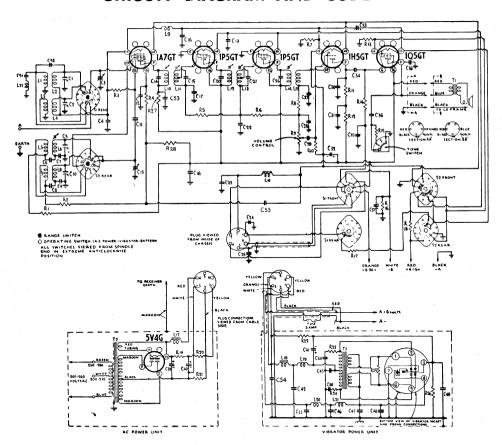
This modification applies only to A.C. Power Unit operation, due to the filaments being connected series—parallel, and is irrelevant to battery operation since in the latter case the filament current depends on the condition of the "A" battery.



#### MECHANICAL REPLACEMENT PARTS.

DESCRIPTION. PA	NRT No.
Dial Frame Assembly	9907
Dial Scale	9783
Dial Pointer Drive Cord	9576A
Dial Pointer Drive Cord Spring	6641
Calibration Scale 0-180°	9409
Pointer Drive Drum	9090
Tuning Control Knob	8075
Small Knobs	4589
Valve Sockets (4)	4704
Valve Socket (Cushion)	7326
Valve Shields	8147
Valve Clips	7459
Range Switch	9495
Operating Switch	9494
Loudspeaker Cone Assembly	9356
Tone Switch	9496

## CIRCUIT DIAGRAM AND CODE



Code	Part		R14		1.75 meg. 1/3 watt	C20	115 mmfd Silvered Mica
No.	No.	COILS.	R15		10,000 ohms 1/3 watt	C21	130 mmfd Silvered Mica
L1, 2	7974	Aerial Coil 1600-550 K.C.	R16		500 ohms 1 watt	C22	.05 mfd Paper
L3, 4	9569	Aerial Coil 13.6-43 M.	R17		20 ohms 3 watt	C23	.01 mfd Paper
L5,6	7638	Oscillator Coil 1600-550 K.C.	R18		.33 ohms Wire-Wound	C24	.01 mfd Paper
L7,8	9570	Oscillator Coil 13.6-43 M.	R19)		940 ohms 30 watt	C25	.01 mfd Paper
L9	8569	Filament Choke	R20 }		and the second of the second of the second	C26	70 mmfd Silvered Mica
L10,11	6076Z	1st I.F. Transformer	R21		20 ohms 3 watt	C27	110 mmfd Mica (L)
L12, 13	5688Z	2nd I.F. Transformer	R22		200,000 ohms 1/3 watt	C28	110 mmfd Mica (L)
L14, 15	5759Z	3rd I.F. Transformer	R23		100 ohms 1/3 watt	C29	1500 mmfd Mica
L16	TU20	Filament Choke	R24		100 ohms 1/3 watt	C30	110 mmfd Mica (L)
L17	8321	Filter Choke	R25		400 ohms 1/3 watt	C31	.1 mfd Paper
L18	8321	Filter Choke	R26		150 ohms 1 watt	C32	20 mfd 200 P.V. Electro.
L19	3036	R.F. Choke	R27		400 ohms 1/3 watt	C33	400 mfd 12 P.V. Electro.
L20	8569	R.F. Choke	R28		5000 ohms 1 watt	C34	.005 mfd Paper
L21	8569	R.F. Choke	<b>6</b> 1			C35	.1 mfd Paper
L22, C51	9382	Filter Unit	Code No.	Part No.	CONDENSERS.	C36	.02 mfd Paper
		TRANSFORMERS.	CI ·	3661	2-20 mmfd Air-trimmer	C37	400 mfd 12 V. Electro.
			C2	5435	6-24 mmfd Air-trimmer	C38	.0025 mfd Paper
	XA7/1	Loudspeaker Transformer	C3	9575	Tuning Condenser	C39	20 mfd 200 P.V. Electro.
T2	8486	Power Transformer 40-60c.	C4		.05 mfd Paper	C40	20 mfd 200 P.V. Flectro.
Т3	9338	Vibrator Transformer	C5	3411	11-29 mmfd Air-trimmer	C41	8 mfd 525 P.V. Electro.
Code	Part		C6		.05 mfd Paper	C42	.01 mfd Paper
No.	No.	RESISTORS.	C7		440 mmfd Mica (Padder)	C43	.25 mfd Paper
R1		40,000 ohms 1 watt	C8		.05 mfd Paper	C44	.02 mfd Paper
R2		400 ohms 1/3 watt	C9		4000 mmfd Mica (Padder)	C45	.01 mfd Paper
R3		100,000 ohms 1/3 watt	C10	3658	2-10 mmfd Air-trimmer	C46	.25 mfd Paper
R4		70,000 ohms 1 watt	C11		50 mmfd Mica (D)	C47	300 mmfd Mica
R5		100,000 ohms 1/3 watt	C12		.1 mfd Paper	C48	.5 mfd Paper
R6		1.75 meg. 1/3 watt	C12	9575	Tuning Condenser		•
R7		200 ohms 1/3 watt		7313	•	C49	200 mmfd Mica (J)
R8		20,000 ohms 1/3 watt	C14		115 mmfd Silvered Mica	C50	.02 mfd Paper
R9	6491	500,000 ohms Vol. Cont.	C15		130 mmfd Silvered Mica	C51	50 mmfd Silvered Mica
R10		10 meg. 1 watt	C16		.5 mfd Paper	C52	4 mmfd Mica
R11		1 meg. 1 watt	C17		.05 mfd Paper	C53	.1 mfd Paper
R12		250,000 ohms 1 watt	C18		.5 mfd Paper	C54	200 mmfd Mica (J)
R13		400 ohms 1/3 watt	C19		.5 mfd Paper	C55	20 mfd 200 V. Electro.